

Monthly Road Safety Dashboard JULY 2025 France mainland



4,585 injury accidents were recorded by the police in July 2025, a decrease (-7%) compared with July 2024.

It is estimated that **338 people died on the roads of mainland France in July 2025**, compared with 275 in July 2024, this represents a sharp increase and is equivalent to the result recorded in July 2022. The number of fatalities decrease for powered two-wheelers usuers (-9 killed) but it increase for car users (+46 killed), pedestrians (+12 killed) and cyclists (+8 killed). Mortality is increasing across all age groups, mainly among 25-64 years old (+23 killed) and 18-24 year olds (+20 killed). The number of fatalities is increasing on rural roads (+36 killed) and on motorways (+15 killed) and in urban area (+12 killed).

1,644 people were seriously injured in July 2025, a decrease (-5%) compared to July 2024 (according to the estimation method developed by ONISR on the basis of work by Gustave Eiffel University). The decrease in the number of seriously injured affects cyclists (-20%), powered two-wheelers usuers (-9%) and pedestrians (-7%). The increase concerns users of personal mobility devices (+9%) and car users (+9%).



Data source: ONISR - Data on accidents involving injuries recorded by police forces - Geographical area: France mainland Labelled series for fatalities (definitives until 2024), ONISR-UGE estimations for seriously injured, 2025 estimate based on data as of 2025/08/06

Summary table of the month of July 2025 compared to the same period last year

	July*		Last 3 months**		Last 12 months***		
	Number	Variation	Number	Variation	Number	Variation	
Fatalities	338	+23%	908	+12%	3 210	-1%	
Seriously injured	1 644	-5%	4 892	+5%	16 279	+2%	

^{*} July 2025 compared with July 2024

Data source: ONISR - Data on accidents involving injuries recorded by police forces - Geographical area: France mainland

Labelled series for fatalities (definitives until 2024), ONISR-UGE estimations seriously injured, 2025 estimate based on data as of 2025/08/06

The trend over **the last 3 months (May-June- July)** is up compared with the same months a year ago, the number of people killed is up by +12% and the number of seriously injured is up by +5%.

Information on injury accidents is recorded by law enforcement agencies, which are not systematically informed when the accident is not fatal. Therefore, the estimate of seriously injured people (according to the M.AIS3+ medical definition) is based on the findings of the police forces corrected by the ONISR-Université Gustave Eiffel model (Rhône Register).

^{**} Cumulative 3 months from May 2025 to July 2025 compared with cumulative 3 months from May 2024 to July 2024

^{***} Cumulative 12 months from August 2024 to July 2025 compared with cumulative 12 months from August 2023 to July 2024

Evolution of the number of users fatalities cumulated on a rolling 12 months

Overall, fatalities over the last 12 months have decreased by -1% compared to the previous 12 months, and is down -1% compared to 2019, year taken as a reference for the 2020-2030 decade.

Since the pandemic, **car users** have accounted for just under half of all road deaths. Their fatalities over the last 12 months is estimated at 1,530 fatalities, up by +3% on the previous 12 months and down by -6% compared to 2019.

Fatalities among **powered two-wheeler** users is falling: 701 people were killed in the last 12 months, down by -5% on the previous 12 months, and down by 6% compared to 2019.

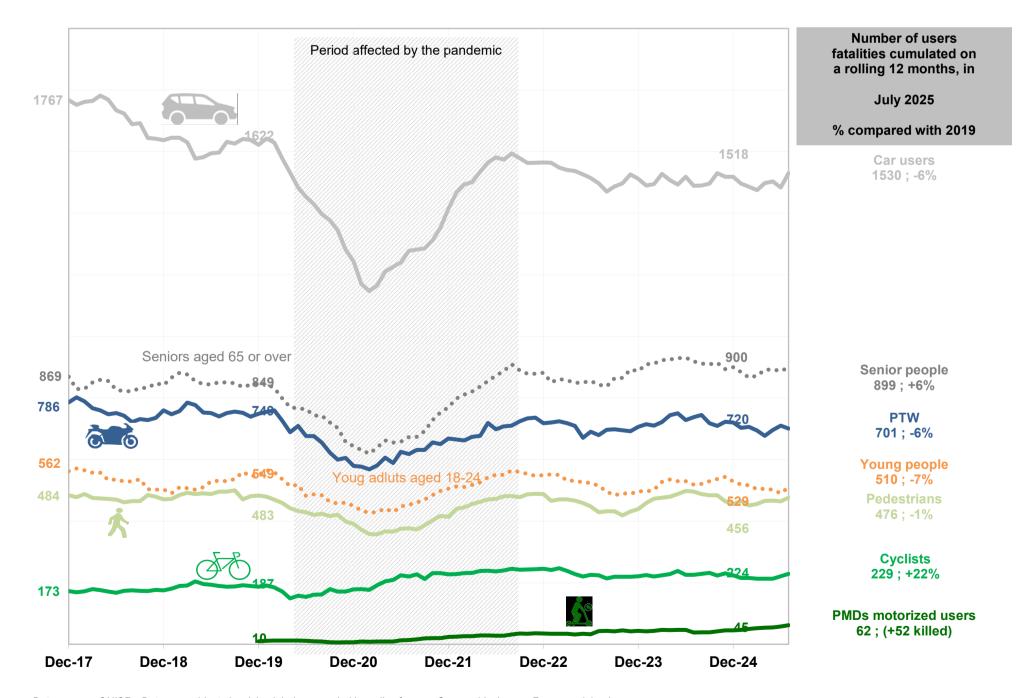
Pedestrian fatalities, is down: 476 pedestrians have died in the last 12 months, down by -4% on the previous 12 months, and down by -1% compared to 2019.

Cycling fatalities over the last 12 months is falling: 229 cyclists were killed, is up by +1% compared to the previous 12 months. However, this result is up in +23% compared to 2019. The French are showing an interest in using individual modes of transport for short journeys in towns and cities, but they also use bicycles for leisure activities in rural areas.

Fatalities among PMDs motorized users is up by +63% over the last 12 months: 62 people were killed in the last year.

Fatalities among **young adults aged 18-24**, is falling: 510 young people were killed, a result down by -2% compared to the previous 12 months, and down by -7% compared with 2019.

Fatalities among people **aged 65 or over** stands at 899 people killed in the last 12 months, is down by -2% compared with the previous 12 months and up by +6 % compared to 2019.



Data source: ONISR - Data on accidents involving injuries recorded by police forces - Geographical area: France mainland Labelled series for fatalities (definitives until 2024), 2025 estimate based on data as of 2025/08/06

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Evolution of the number of users seriously injured cumulated on a rolling 12 months

Overall, the number of seriously injured over the last 12 months is up by +2% compared with the previous 12 months, and is stable compared to 2019, year taken as a reference for the 2020-2030 decade.

Powered two-wheeler represent for a third of seriously injured; over the last 12 months, they are estimated at 5,100 seriously injured. This result is lower by 3% compared with the previous 12 months and lower by -11% compared to 2019.

Car users account for just under a third of seriously injured; over the last 12 months, they are estimated at 4,900 seriously injured, is up by +2% compared to the previous 12 months and lower by -5% compared to 2019.

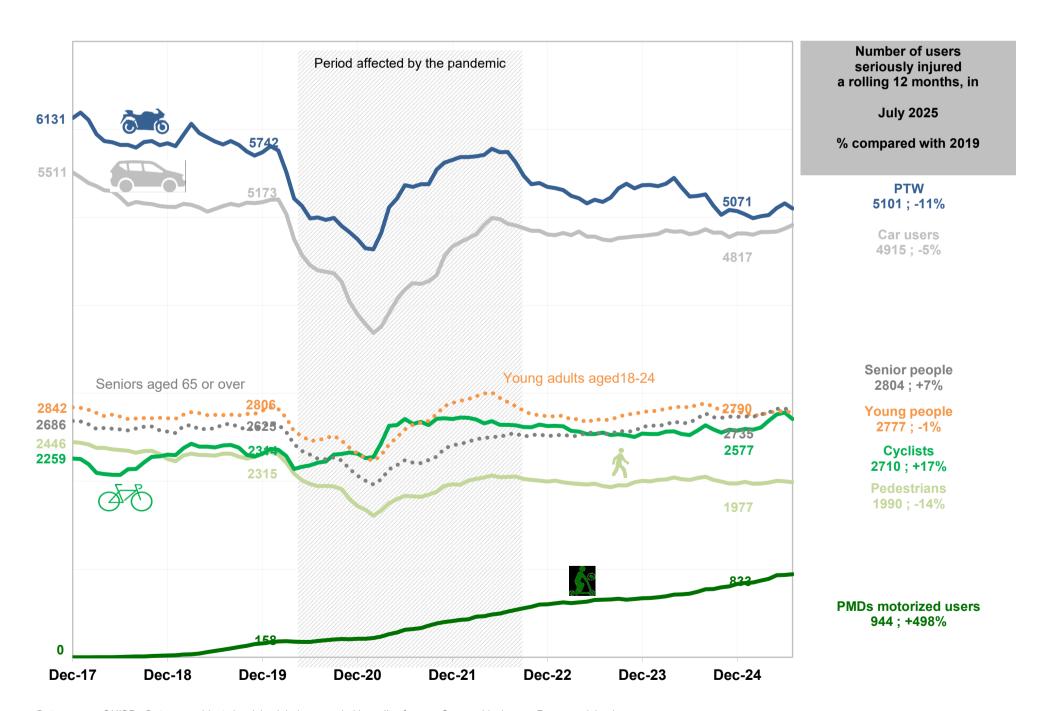
The number of **cyclists** seriously injured over the last 12 months is on the rise: 2,700 cyclists are thought to have been seriously injured over the last 12 months, is up by +5% compared the previous 12 months, and higher by +17% compared to 2019. Indeed, the French are showing an interest in using individual modes of transport for short journeys in towns and cities, but they also use bicycles for leisure activities in rural areas.

The number of seriously injured **pedestrians** is falling: an estimated 2,000 pedestrians have been seriously injured over the past 12 months, is down by -2% compared to the previous 12 months and down by -14% compared to 2019.

The number of seriously injured **PMDs motorized**, with over 900 seriously injured in the last 12 months, is up by +27% compared to the previous 12 months.

The number of seriously injured among **young adults aged 18-24**, an age group at high risk of severe road crashes, is estimated in the last 12 months to 2,800 seriously injured, is down by -3% on the previous 12 months and is down by -1% compared to 2019.

The number of seriously injured people among people **aged 65 or over** is estimated at 2,800 seriously injured over the last 12 months, higher by +3% compared with the previous 12 months and by +7% compared to 2019.



Data source: ONISR - Data on accidents involving injuries recorded by police forces - Geographical area: France mainland ONISR-UGE estimations for seriously injured, 2025 estimate based on data as of 2025/08/06

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Serious victims in 2025 by mode of travel and road network

Over the last 3 months

Overall, the trend is up for road fatalities in urban area (+5%), on rural roads (+12%) and on motorways (+53%). The trend is up for seriouly injured in rural road (+9%) and on motorways (+27%), and is down in urban (-2%).

In urban areas, the trend is up for users of PMDs motorized, for those killed on foot and on powered two-wheeler. The trend is down for car users and cyclists and for pedestrians seriously injured.

In rural roads, the trend is **up** for all the road users.

On motorways, the trend is up for car users and pedestrians, and is down for powered two-wheeler users.

Last 3 months (2025 compared with 2024)

	Urbai	n area	Ru	ıral	Motorway		
	Fatalities variation	Seriously injured variation	Fatalities variation	Seriously injured variation	Fatalities variation	Seriously injured variation	
Pedestrians	7	7	7	7	7		
PMDs motorized	7	7	7	7			
Cyclists	7	7	7	7			
PTW	7	→	7	7	7	→	
Car users	Z	7	7	7	7	71	

ns: non-significant variation

Data source: ONISR - Data on accidents involving injuries recorded by police forces - Geographical area: France mainland

Labelled series for fatalities (definitives until 2024), ONISR-UGE estimations for seriously injured, 2025 estimate based on data as of 2025/08/06

Over the last 12 months

Overall, the trend for fatalities is down in urban areas (-1%) and on motorways (-6%) and stable on rural roads. The trend for the seriously injured is up in urban areas (+1%) and on rural roads (+3%), and is **down** on motorways (-2%).

In urban areas, the trend is up for cyclists and for users on PMDs motorized, and is down for the other road users.

In rural roads, the trend for fatalities is up for users on PMDs motorized, cyclists and car users, and is down for pedestrians and powered two-wheeler users. The trend for seriously injured is **up** for all road users except for pedestrians.

On motorways, the trend is up for pedestrians and car users and is down for powered two-wheeler users.

Last 12 months

Cumulative from August 2024 to July 2025, compared to the same period last year

	Urbar	n area	Ru	ral	Motorway		
	Fatalities variation	Seriously injured variation	Fatalities variation	Seriously injured variation	Fatalities variation	Seriously injured variation	
Pedestrians	-7%	-3%	-0%	-6%	+10%		
PMDs motorized	+56%	+23%	+73%	+51%			
Cyclists	+1%	+6%	+2%	+4%			
PTW	-5%	-5%	-1%	+2%	-40%	-20%	
Car users	-4%	-3%	+4%	+3%	+7%	+5%	

ns : non-significant variation

Data source: ONISR - Data on accidents involving injuries recorded by police forces - Geographical area: France mainland

Labelled series for fatalities (definitives until 2024), ONISR-UGE estimations for seriously injured, 2025 estimate based on data as of 2025/08/06

Pedestrians contain Personal mobility devices non-motorized (rollerblades, skateboards, classic scooters, etc.), which move in the same spaces as pedestrians on foot and are considered pedestrians in the highway code..

Personal mobility devices (PMDs) motorized contains electric scooters, gyropods, hoverboards, segways, etc.; they move like a bicycle.

Cyclists are users who move around on a bicycle, whether or not it is electrically assisted.

Powered two-wheelers (PTW) include mopeds (less than 50 cc and with a maximum design speed not exceeding 45 km/h, including scooters less than 50 cc) and motorbikes (more than 50 cc, including scooters more than 50 cc).

Car users are light vehicles (LDVs); vans are not included in this category.

The "urban area" road network refers to the lanes between the entrance and exit signs of a municipality.

The "rural" road network refers to non-motorway roads outside the "urban areas" lanes.

The "motorway" network concerns the traffic lanes with motorway status, indicated by blue signs.

Detailed table for July 2025 compared to the same period last year

	July		Last 3 months**				Last 12 months***			
	Fatalities Seriously injured		Fatalities		Seriously injured		Fatalities		Seriously injured	
	Number	Number	Number	Variation	Number	Variation	Number	Variation	Number	Variation
Total	338	1 644	908	+12%	4 892	+5%	3 210	-1%	16 279	+2%
By mode of travel										
Pedestrians	34	136	104	+11%	452	+1%	476	-4%	1 990	-2%
PMDs motorized	6	91	17	+89%	284	+23%	62	+63%	944	+27%
Cyclists	34	280	84	+24%	870	+2%	229	+1%	2 710	+5%
PTW	85	558	249	+11%	1 718	+5%	701	-5%	5 101	-3%
Car users	153	520	389	+9%	1 385	+6%	1 530	+3%	4 915	+2%
By age										
Under 18 years	21	240	55	+53%	723	+7%	155	+2%	2 378	+3%
Young adults aged 18-24	60	294	133	+4%	833	+0%	510	-2%	2 777	-3%
Seniors aged 65 or over	76	269	230	+4%	803	+3%	899	-2%	2 804	+3%
On the road network										
Urban area	95	662	270	+5%	2 025	-2%	1 029	-1%	7 355	+1%
Rural	217	859	566	+12%	2 533	+9%	1 926	+0%	7 831	+3%
Motorway	26	123	72	+53%	335	+27%	255	-6%	1 093	-2%

^{**} Cumulative 3 months from May 2025 to July 2025 compared with cumulative 3 months from May 2024 to July 2024

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Persons "under 18 years old" are children and adolescents aged 0 to 17 years old inclusive.

Young people aged between 18 and 24 inclusive are the category most at risk in terms of road safety.

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Data processing methods for France mainland

The BAAC file (Bulletin of Analysis of Road Traffic Accidents recorded by the Police Forces) includes injury accidents as defined in the decree of 27 March 2007 on the conditions for compiling statistics. The ONISR, which is responsible for the administration and dissemination of accident statistics under the terms of the decree of 15 May 1975 relating to the CISR, has long specified the methods for taking accidents into account.

Method of adjusting injuries

In order to comply with European statistical standards, the ONISR produces a new series of data on injuries for France mainland. It also integrates the AIS scale of injury severity (light or moderate, serious). These data are determined by a new method established jointly by the Gustave Eiffel University (UGE) and the ONISR. This method is based in particular on recent data relating to injuries recorded by the police, but aims to estimate the actual number of people injured in road accidents who are treated by hospital services: https://www.onisr.securite-routiere.gouv.fr/etudes-et-recherches/victimes/blessures/methode-de-redressement-du-nombre-de-blesses-de-la route (in french).

The monthly barometer

The monthly barometer for a given month concerns accidents occurring up to the end of that month and is compiled and published the following month.

Estimates are produced on the basis of accidents recorded in the TRAxy information system concerning BAAC data currently being entered, transmitted within 48 hours by the police to the ONISR. The final results for 2024 have been included in the May 2025 dashboard.

Serious injuries are estimated from the data on injuries recorded in TRAxy using the adjustment method mentioned above.

Labelling

The Public Statistics Authority has certified the main accident indicators from the BAAC file (France mainland and french overseas counties) for the quasi-definitive data for year N published at the end of January of year N+1, and the definitive data published from May of year N+1. For the years prior to 2025, the dashboard includes labelled

The statistical methods are specified on the ONISR website: https://www.onisr.securite-routiere.gouv.fr/en/data-tools.

^{***} Cumulative 12 months from August 2024 to July 2025 compared with cumulative 12 months from August 2023 to July 2024

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