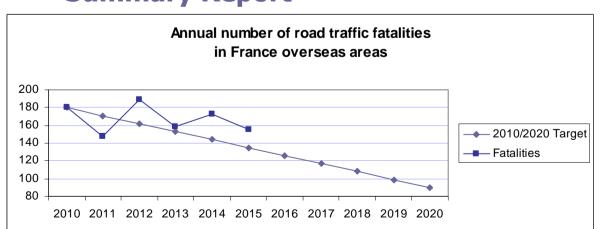


Road Safety in 2015

Summary Report

Manuelle Salathé Head of the ONISR



18 May 2016 Road safety results 2015

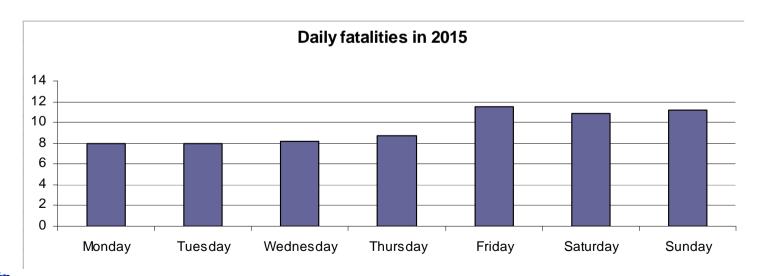




General data 2015 - France mainland

Road fatalities increase by 2,3% between 2014 and 2015, representing 77 additional fatalities

Results for the year 2015	Injury accidents	Killed within 30 days	Injured people	incl. hospitalised 24h
2015 final results	56 603	3 461	70 802	26 595
2014 final results	58 191	3 384	73 048	26 635
Difference 2015 / 2014	-1 588	77	-2 246	-40
Variation 2015 / 2014	-2.7%	2.3%	-3.1%	-0.2%





General data 2015 – Road users

	Pedes- trians	Pedal cylist	Moped user	Motor- cyclists	Car users	Utility Vehicle	HGV users	Public transport	Other users	Total
2010	485	147	248	704	2117	146	65	4	76	3 992
	12%	4%	6%	18%	53%	4%	2%	0%	2%	100%
2042	465	147	159	631	1612	133	57	7	57	3 268
2013	14%	4%	5%	19%	49%	4%	2%	0%	2%	100%
2014	499	159	165	625	1663	143	56	9	65	3 384
2014	15%	5%	5%	18%	49%	4%	2%	0%	2%	100%
2015	468	149	155	614	1796	120	56	43	60	3 461
2015	14%	4%	4%	18%	52%	3%	2%	1%	2%	100%
Variation 2014-2015	-6,2%	-6,3%	-6,1%	-1,8%	8,0%	-16,1%	0,0%		-7,7%	2,3%
Variation 2013-2015	0,6%	1,4%	-2,5%	-2,7%	11,4%	-9,8%	-1,8%		5,3%	5,9%
Variation 2010-2015	-3,5%	1,4%	-37,5%	-12,8%	-15,2%	-17,8%	-13,8%		-21,1%	-13,3%
Variation 2000-2015	-44,8%	-45,3%	-66,4%	-35,2%	-66,4%		-54,8%			-57,7%

133 additional car users killed: +8% killed than in 2014.

31 fewer pedestrians killed: -6% killed than in 2014, -3,5% than in 2010.

23 fewer users of utility vehicles killed: -16% than in 2014.

10 fewer cyclists killed : -6% than in 2014, +1,4% than in 2010.

10 fewer moped riders killed and 11 less motorists killed compared to 2014.





General data 2015 – Collisions

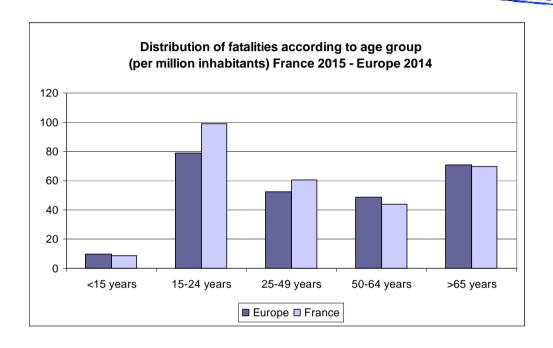
France mainland 2015

People killed

	Pedestrian	Cyclist	Moped	Motorcyclist		Utility vehicle		Other	Total	
×Vehicle alone		24	57	220	893	67	31	30	1322	38%
Collision between										
Pedestrian		1	1	1	3	0	0	0	6	0%
Cyclist	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0%
Moped	5	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	8	0%
Motorcyclist	21	2	2	7	6	0	0	0	38	1%
Car users	286	78	58	236	420	16	1	17	1112	32%
Utility vehicle	47	11	9	40	79	5	2	5	198	6%
	69	23	12	31	187	20	52	3	397	11%
Other	14	3	4	16	32	3	0	0	72	2%
Multicollision	25	6	10	61	176	9	13	5	305	9%
Total Share of fatalities	468	149 4%	155 4%	614 18%	1796 52%	120 3%	99	60 2%	3461	100%



Comparing France with Europe – Per age group



Europe 2014 : 51 killed per million inhabitants.

France 2015 : 53 killed per million inhabitants.

Variation Variation

killad

37 additional fatalities in the 18-24 age group

	2015	2015-14	2015-14	2015-14
0-14 years	101	-11	-10%	-3%
15-17 years	125	9	8%	-3%
18-24 years	619	37	6%	-1%
25-44 years	1 024	-17	-2%	1%
45-64 years	761	0	0%	0%
65-75 years	312	29	10%	2%
75 years +	519	31	6%	2%
75 years +	519	31	6%	2%

Difference

Killed

60 additional fatalities in the 65+ age group





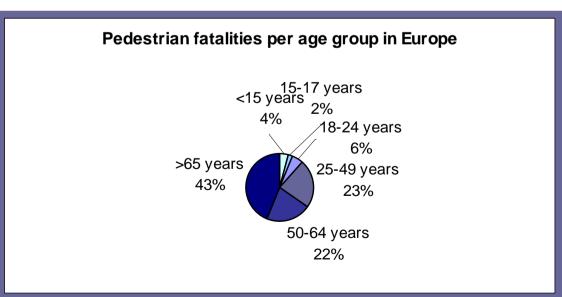


Comparing France with Europe – Pedestrians safety



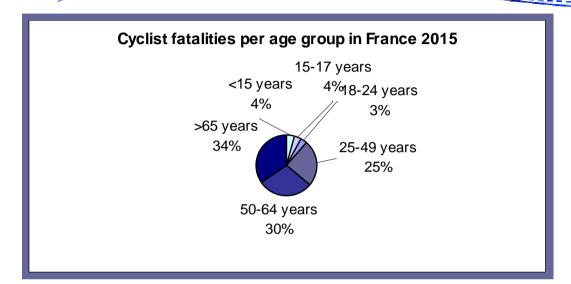


People age **65** + are over-represented in France among pedestrian fatalities



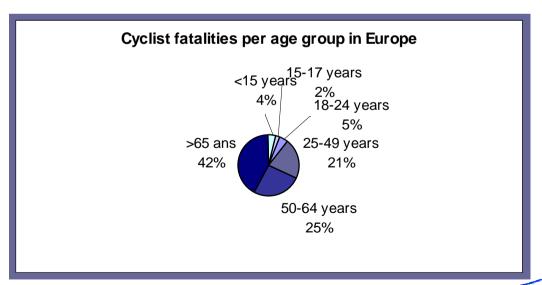


Comparing France with Europe – Cyclists safety



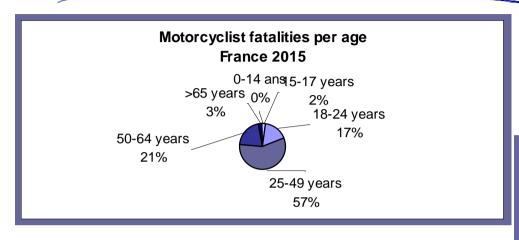


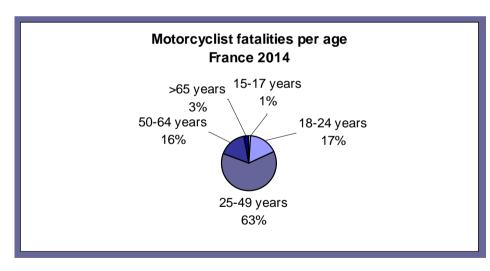
65+ cyclists are overrepresented within cyclists fatalities in France and Europe, just as seen with pedestrians



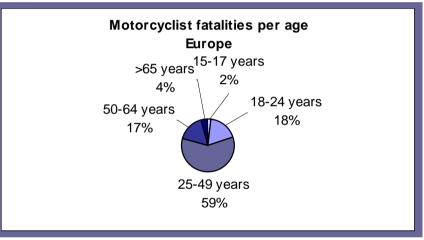


Comparing France with Europe – Motorcyclists safety







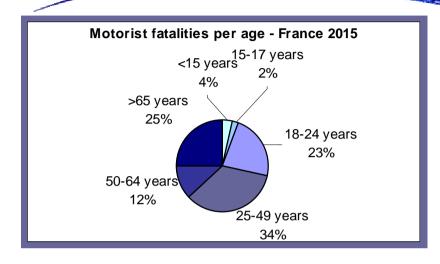


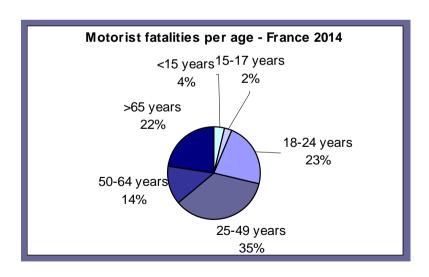
In France, motorcyclist fatalities evolve:

- fatalities among 50-64 year olds increase from 16% in 2014 to 21% in 2015.
- fatalities among 18-24 year olds has remained at 17% for 2 years, compared to 24% in 2013.



Comparing France with Europe – Car users safety



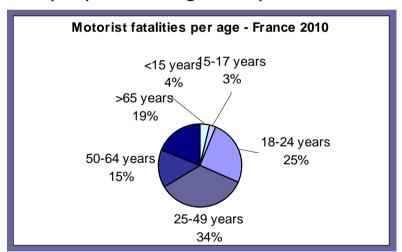


Fatalities among people aged 65 years olds and over increased from 19% in 2010 to 22% in 2014, to 25% in 2015.

They now represent 19% of the population.

Between 2014 and 2015, they are:

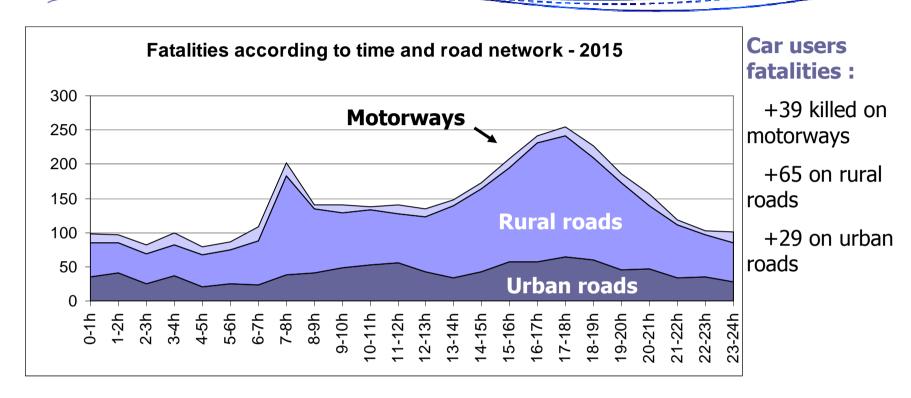
- +45 people killed aged 65-74 years
- +32 people killed aged 75 years and over



Fatalities among people aged between 18 and 24 year old is **23%,** compared to 25% en 2010. They represent 9% of the population.



Road fatalities: when and where?



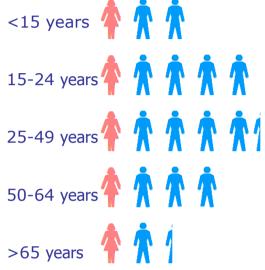
62,8% of fatalities happen on rural roads, 8,6% on motorways and 28,5% in urban areas.

In 2015, the number of fatalities on motorways increases by **+23,1% on motorways**, +16,4% higher than in 2010. **48 pedestrians were killed**, compared to 23 in 2013.



ISR 3 461 fatalities, 35 000 seriously injured M.AIS3+

According to the age group, for 1 female killed there are:



75% of fatalities or seriously injured M.AIS3+ are men.







The age group 15-29 represents 35% of M.AIS3+ and 31% of fatalities. 70% of the seriously injured are vulnerables road users: motorcyclists, moped users, cyclists and pedestrians.





Powered 2 wheelers

(motorcyclists and moped users) represent 43% of M.AIS3+, 22% of fatalities, for less than 2% of the motorised traffic.



1 killed out 5 is so in an accident involving a novice driver.

14 % of persons killed are so in an accident involving one HGV.



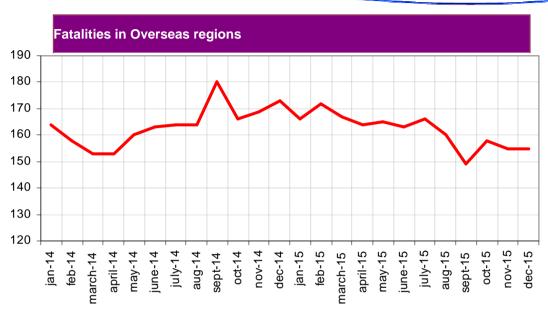
Each year, 14 000 M.AIS3+ are under 30 years old.







Road safety results 2015 in overseas areas – key factors



155 persons were killed in the 5 overseas areas (DOM):

- −10,4% decrease compared to 2014
- −14,4 % decrease compared to 2010.

Overseas communities (COM) encouraging results:

15 fatalities in Polynésie Française, half than in 2010

49 fatalities in Nouvelle Calédonie, 20% less than in 2010.





Road safety results 2015 in overseas areas – key factors

Between 40 and 50 fatalities per year:

Nouvelle Calédonie : **speed – alcohol, personal and utility cars, young people**, seat belt not

fastened, no license

Guadeloupe :alcohol, Powered 2 wheelers +

failure to wear a helmet, young people

La Réunion : alcohol, Powered 2 wheelers, at

night

Between 15 and 30 fatalities per year :

Martinique : alcohol, P2W+helmet, young

Guyane: alcohol, P2W + helmet, young

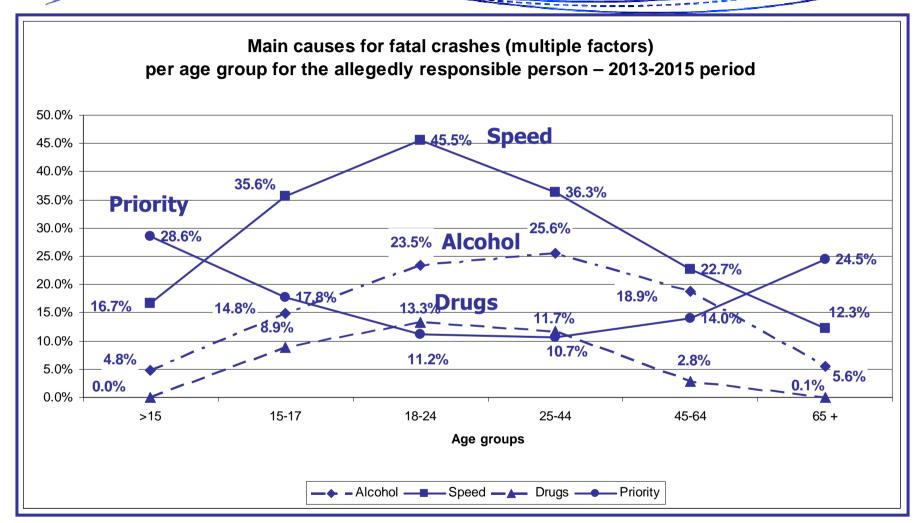
Polynésie Française : alcohol, P2W

Overall, population is younger than in France mainland.

Powered 2 wheelers are often moped users.



Road user behaviour responsible for fatal crashes





Source : file of road users allegedly responsible for fatal crashes



Measured mean speeds in 2015



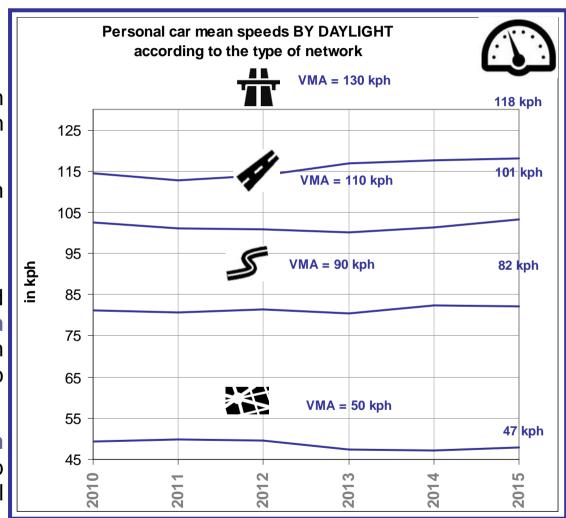
These past 2 years, mean speeds have been increasing by

4 kph on **motorways**

2 kph on dual carriageways

After some speed decrease in **urban areas**, mean speeds seem to increase again.

On non-urban roads with a 90kph speed limit, mean speeds seem to stabilise in 2015 at the level reached in 2014





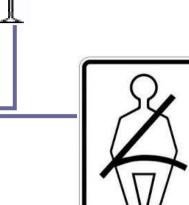
Source : speed observatory
ONISR-Cerema





Road user behaviour in fatal crashes

30,5 % are killed in an accident with at least 1 driver alcohol impaired



Not wearing their seat belts:

21 % of car users killed

38 % of utility van users **41** killed

36 % of HGV users killed



23 % K in an accident

with 1 driver impaired with illegal drugs



10 % of moped users killed

4 % of motorcyclists killed



5



Presumed authors of fatal accidents — causes noted by police forces — as multi-causes over 15 months

Speed: 32 % of cases

Priority not given: 13 % of

cases

Dangerous overtaking: 4 % of

cases

Contraflow driving: 2 %

Change lane: 2 % of cases

No safe distance with previous

vehicle: 0 %

Lack of attention: 8 %

Telephone :1 % of cases

Alcohol: 21 % of cases

Illegal drugs: 9 % of cases

Sickness: 3 % of cases

Sleepiness: 2 % of cases

Obstacle on lane: 2% of

cases

Vehicle factors: 1% of cases

Other causes: 13 % of cases

Unknown cause: 9 % of cases



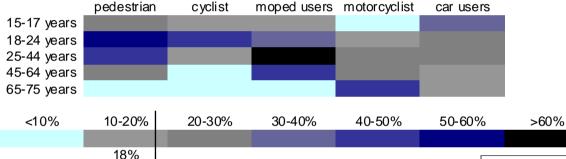


Involved drivers and pedestrians – Alcohol impaired

30,5 % of fatalities are killed in an accident with at least 1 driver/pedestrian alcohol impaired (blood-alcohol level >0,5g/l)

18% of **drivers or pedestrians** involved in a **fatal accident** have a blood-alcohol level above 0,5g/l

In 2015 share of alcohol impaired drivers/pedestrians among drivers/pedestrians involved in fatal accidents - per age



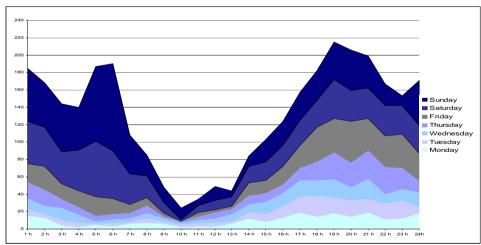
Injury Accidents:

Nb of alcohol impaired car users, by time of day and day of the week

average for all age groups, all categories of users

Blood-alcohol level above the legal limit in fatal accidents:

- 1 in 3 moped users
- 1 in 5 motorcyclists
- 1 in 5 car users
- 1 in 5 pedestrians











Traffic offences and demerit point system

Traffic crimes increased by 6% in comparison with 2014

+14% leaving the scene of an accident, -3,5% drinking and driving, +25% driving under the influence of drugs

Offences decreased by 2,5% (all types of offences except speeding offences subject to automatic control)

Limited reduction (-0,8%) of the number of points substracted from driving licences (+7,4% breaking speed limit by under 20 km/h on rural roads)

Penalty points depending on the offence

-7,6 millions : **speeding offences**

- 1,9 millions : **failure to respect priority rules**

- 0.96 million : using a mobile phone

- 0,86 million : alcohol impaired driving

- 1,4 million : failure to respect traffic rules

- 330 000 : failure to wear a seat belt

- 108 000 : use of drugs

Invalidated licence in 2015:

69 060 licences (-10,7 %) including 13 416 probationary licences (-8,5 %)

Points return in 2015:

+27% increase of 12 points return if no new offence is committed over 2/3 years

+4,5% increase of « 1 point given back » if no new offence is committed over 6 months





According to IFSTTAR, 35 000 people are seriously injured (M.AIS3+) each year :15 000 powered two wheelers users, 10 000 car users, 5 000 cyclists and 4 000 pedestrians

